

**CRITERION 3** 

3.3.2. NUMBER OF BOOKS AND CHAPTERS IN EDITED VOLUMES/BOOKS PUBLISHED AND PAPERS PUBLISHED IN NATIONAL/ INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE PROCEEDINGS PER TEACHER DURING THE YEAR

NAMES OF THE AUTHORS								
MS. NEHA WALIA								
DR. SHWETA THAKUR								
DR. SHWETA THAKUR								
DR. SHWETA THAKUR								
MR. MANU MAHAJAN								



1. Neha Walia - Department of Computer Science

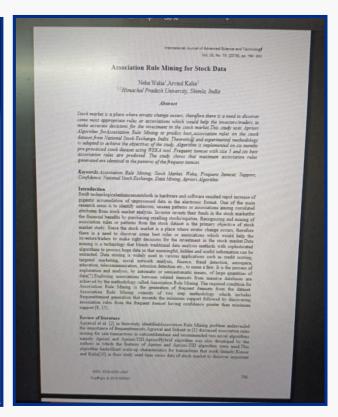
Title of Proceedings: Third International Conference on Innovations in Computing

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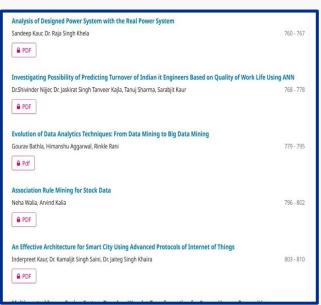
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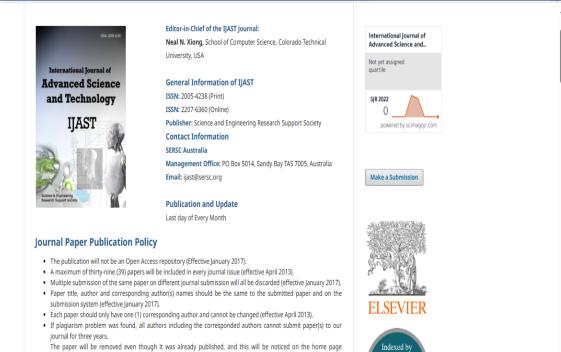












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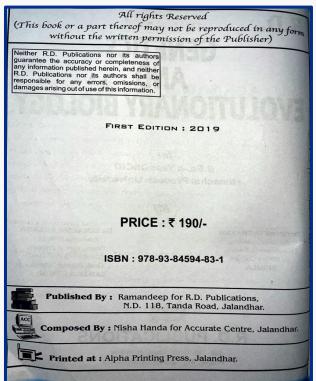


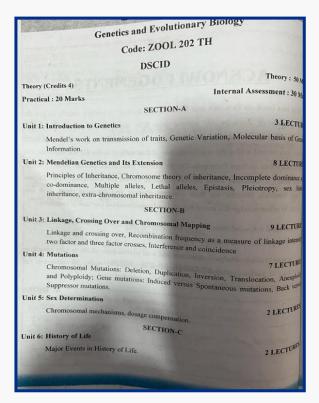
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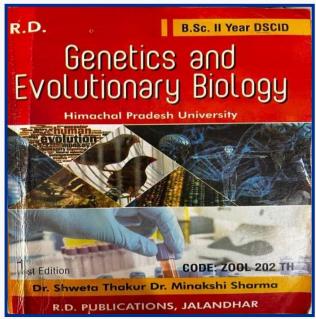
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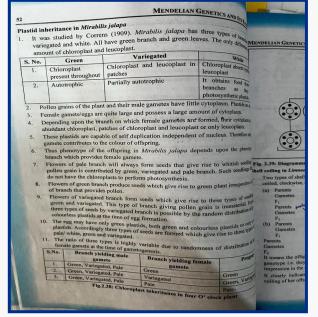
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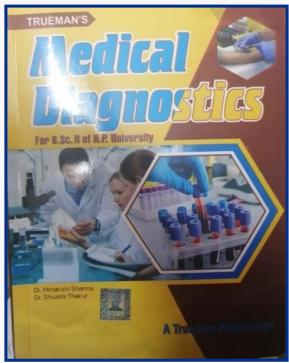


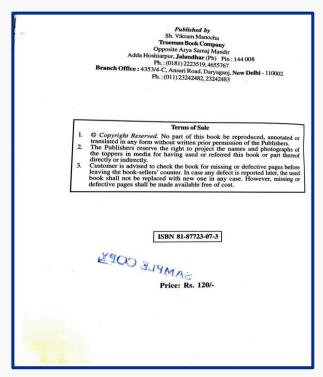
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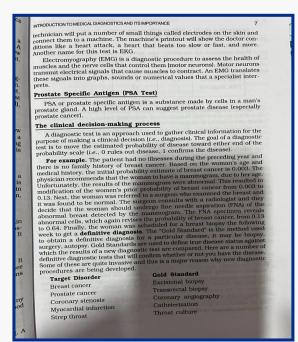
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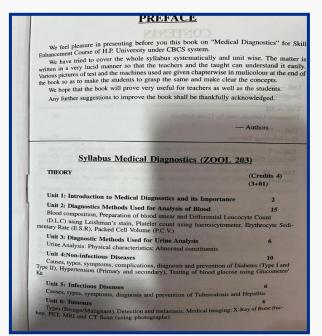
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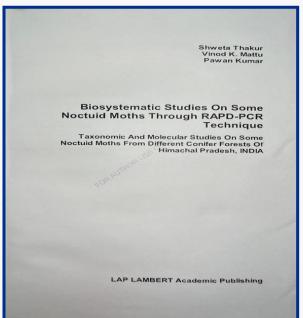


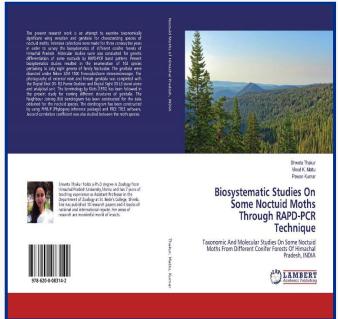
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Book published by Dr. Shweta Thakur

se ( $K_{\theta_0 f}$  genes, species and ecosystems, corresponding to three fundamental and nierarchically related levels of biological organization (Melchias, 2001). Biological diversity is the basis of adaptation and evolution and is basic to all cological processes. It contributes to research and education, cultural eritage, recreation and tourism, the development of new and existing plant and animal domesticates, and the supply of harvested resources. The intrinsic mportance of biological diversity lies in the uniqueness of all forms of life: ach individual is different, as is each population, each species, as well as ach association of species (Anonymous, 1988). also pro

Perhaps India is recognized as one of the twelve megadiversity countries of the diversity Vorld with two biodiversity hot spots of a total of 18 such sites identified s is the hroughout the globe, the North-East region and Western Ghats. In fact, India eas dive very rich not only in terms of species diversity, but also blessed with an normous variety and variability within species along with the presence of arge number of endemic species. India occupies 2% of global space and documents nearly 7.28% of global faunal diversity, including about 45,000 componiocuments nearly 7.28% of global faunal diversity, including about the state of the state

Various studies and protocols have been proposed to test the apropos patterns of biodiversity (Wilson, 1988; Noss, 1990; Ehrlich and Wilson, 1991). Earlier authors have classified a hierarchical composition of different levels of ty has ligranizations as well as groups of taxonomically related species to test the eir relataterns of biodiversity conservation (Vane Wright et al., 1991). The use of systems ndicator taxa in conservation efforts from pollution control to biodiversity has  $_{
m nany\ ins}$ een the focus of attention (Landres et al., 1988). Moths are found to be a ired for botentially useful indicator of biodiversity, a significant predictor of the diverse ichness of birds, lichens and plants but not a good indicator of soil They biodiversity.

Biodiversity is well reflected in the Insects as Class Insecta of the Indeed shylum Arthropod, one of the most diverse groups containing about 70-80% d arad of total living animal species. Insects not only outnumber other groups but are also extremely successful in all kinds of natural and modified terrestrial and nber, waquatic ecosystems (Gullan and Cranston, 1994). Habitat destruction ranging

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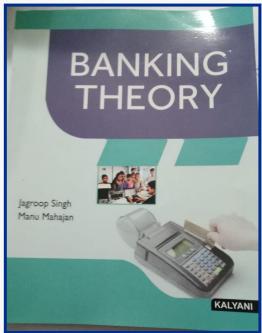


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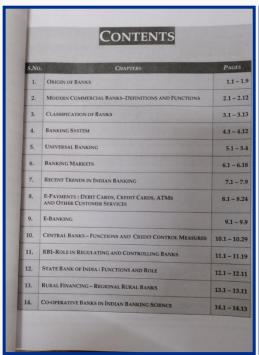
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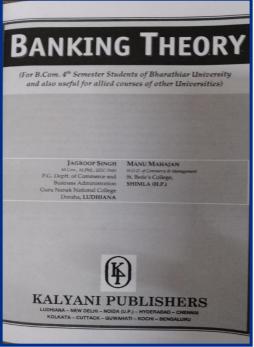
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